Evample Problem					station: Test						CULVERT DESIGN FORM						
PROJECT: Example Problem  Nomograph				SHE	ET	1	OF	: 1		DESI	GNER	/DATE:		OF _			
Nomograph			SIL	-'		_			REVI	EWER	/DATE:		OF _				
HYDROLOGICAL DATA																	
S WETHOD: USGS  DRAINAGE AREA: STREAM SLOPE: OTHER:  CHANNEL SHAPE: OTHER:  DESIGN FLOWS/TAILWATER  B.I. (YEARS) FLOW (m³/s) TW (m)																	
50 3.78 100 4.20		0.94 0.99															
CULVERT DESCRIPTION: MATERIAL-SHAPE-SIZE-ENTRANCE	FLOW	FLOW		<u> </u>	HEADWATER CALCULATIONS												
			IN	ILET C	ONTROI	L		OUTLE	T CONTROL				유턴	ı≧	ļ		
		PER BARREL Q/N (1)	HW <sub>i</sub> /D (2)	HWi	FALL (3)	EL <sub>hi</sub> (4)	TW (5)	d <sub>c</sub>	$\frac{d_c+D}{2}$	h <sub>o</sub> (6)	k <sub>e</sub>	H (7)	EL <sub>ho</sub> (8)	CONTROL HEADWATER ELEVATION	OUTLET VELOCITY	COMMENTS	
Trial 1: Single RCP or CMP 1500 mm	4.2	4.2	1.16	1.74	-	58.94		No	Good							Case 4	
Trial 2: Single Deformed Conc. 2495 x 1585	4.2	4.2	0.75	1.19	-	58.39		No	Good							Case 4	
Trial 2: Single CSP-A 1800 x 1200	4.2	4.2	1.55	1.86	-	59.06		No	Good							Case 4	
Trial 3: RCB 3300 x 1200	4.2	4.2	0.71	0.85	-	58.05	0.99	0.52	0.86	0.99	0.5	0.12	58.22	58.22	1.29	Looks OK	
TECHNICAL FOOTNOTES: (3) $EL_{hi} = HW_i + EL_i$ (4) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS (1) USE Q/NB FOR BOX CULVERTS (2) $HW_i/D = HW/D$ OR $HW_i/D$ FROM DESIGN CHARTS FALL = $HW_i - (EL_{hid} - EL_{sf})$ ; FALL IS ZERO FOR CULVERTS ON GRADE (4) $TW$ BASED ON DOWNSTREAM CONTROL OR FLOW DEPTH IN CHANNEL (5) $EL_{hid} - EL_{sf} = EL_{o} + H + h_{o}$ (6) $EL_{hid} - EV$ or $EL_{sf} = EV$ or $EV$ or																	
a Approximate f Culvert Face hd Design Headwater hi Headwater in Inlet Control  This is ar				n approximate solution because lowing full. Check with nputer HY8 for exact solution.						CULVERT BARREL SELECTED:  SIZE: 3300 x 1200  SHAPE: RCB  MATERIAL: Concrete n: 0.012  ENTRANCE: Conventional Bevel							